

## PROMOTING INCLUSIVITY AND ACCESSIBILITY IN SPORTS FACILITIES

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(Original scientific paper)

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### Abstract

*Access to sports facilities plays a pivotal role in fostering physical activity, social inclusion, and community well-being. However, traditional sports facilities often fail to accommodate the diverse needs of individuals, including those with disabilities. This study explores the application of universal architectural design principles in sports facilities to ensure equitable access for all individuals, irrespective of their abilities, and aims to shed light on strategies for promoting inclusivity and accessibility. Drawing on interdisciplinary research in architecture, sports science, and disability studies, this study reviews the literature on promoting inclusivity and accessibility in sports facilities. Key universal design principles are identified, including flexibility, simplicity, and equitable use. Additionally, case studies of sports facilities that have successfully implemented inclusive design features are examined to illustrate best practices and innovative approaches. The results highlight the significance of applying universal design principles in sports facilities to ensure equitable access for individuals of all abilities. Barrier-free entrances, inclusive playgrounds, and sensory-friendly design elements are identified as key features that accommodate diverse needs and enhance the overall user experience. Case studies of inclusive sports facilities demonstrate the positive impact of inclusive design on promoting physical activity, social integration, and community cohesion. In conclusion, this study emphasizes the critical role of universal design principles in promoting inclusivity and accessibility in sports facilities. By incorporating features of universal architectural design principles, sports facilities can create environments that cater to the diverse needs and abilities of all individuals. Moving forward, further research and practice are needed to continue advancing the field of inclusive sports facility design and ensuring equitable access for all members of society.*

**Key words:** Sport facilities, inclusivity and accessibility, physical activity, architectural design

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### Introduction

Access to sports facilities plays a pivotal role in fostering physical activity, social inclusion, and community well-being. However, traditional sports facilities often fail to accommodate the diverse needs of individuals, including those with disabilities. This study explores the application of universal architectural design principles in sports facilities to ensure equitable access for all individuals, irrespective of their abilities, and aims to shed light on strategies for promoting inclusivity and accessibility in sports facilities.

In recent years, there has been a growing recognition of the need to create inclusive environments that cater to everyone, including those with physical, sensory, and cognitive disabilities. As societies become more aware of the benefits of inclusivity, it is crucial to translate these principles into the design and functionality of sports facilities. This not only enhances the physical and mental well-being of individuals but also promotes social cohesion and a sense of community belonging. The concept of universal architectural design is central to this approach, emphasizing the creation of spaces that are usable by all people to the greatest extent possible, without the need for adaptation or specialized design.

### Material & Methods

Drawing on interdisciplinary research in architecture, sports science, and disability studies, this study reviews the literature on promoting inclusivity and accessibility in sports facilities. Key universal design principles are identified, including flexibility, simplicity, and equitable use. Additionally, case studies of

sports facilities that have successfully implemented inclusive design features are examined to illustrate best

practices and innovative approaches.

The methodology involved a comprehensive review of academic journals, books, and industry reports on universal design and inclusive sports facilities. Key themes and architectural design principles were extracted and analyzed. Furthermore, several case studies were selected based on their reputation and documented success in implementing inclusive design features. These case studies were analyzed to identify specific design elements and strategies that contribute to their inclusivity and accessibility.

## Results and Discussion

The results highlight the significance of applying universal architectural design principles in sports facilities to ensure equitable access for individuals of all abilities. Barrier-free entrances, inclusive playgrounds, and sensory-friendly design elements are identified as key features that accommodate diverse needs and enhance the overall user experience. This section delves into three detailed case studies of sports facilities that have successfully implemented inclusive design features, demonstrating the positive impact of these designs on promoting physical activity, social integration, and community cohesion.

### *Case Study 1: Stoke Mandeville Stadium, United Kingdom*

Stoke Mandeville Stadium, often regarded as the birthplace of the Paralympic movement, is a pioneering example of an inclusive sports facility. Located in Aylesbury, England, the stadium has a rich history of serving athletes with disabilities, dating back to the post-World War II era when it was used as a rehabilitation center for injured soldiers.

#### *Design Features:*

The stadium incorporates a variety of universal architectural design elements to ensure accessibility for all users:

- **Barrier-Free Entrances:** The stadium features wide, automatic doors and ramps at all entry points, allowing easy access for wheelchair users and individuals with mobility impairments.
- **Accessible Changing Rooms and Restrooms:** These facilities are designed with ample space, adjustable fixtures, and emergency call buttons to cater to the needs of individuals with various disabilities.
- **Adaptive Sports Equipment:** The stadium is equipped with specialized equipment such as adjustable basketball hoops, hand cycles, and sit-ski apparatuses, enabling athletes with different abilities to participate in sports.

#### *Impact:*

The inclusive design of Stoke Mandeville Stadium has had a profound impact on the community:

- **Physical Activity:** The availability of adaptive sports equipment and accessible facilities has significantly increased participation in physical activities among individuals with disabilities.
- **Social Integration:** By providing a space where athletes with and without disabilities can train and compete together, the stadium fosters social integration and mutual understanding.
- **Community Cohesion:** The stadium regularly hosts events such as the National Junior Games and other inclusive sports competitions, drawing diverse groups together and strengthening community bonds. (*Figures 1, 2, 3*)

### *Case Study 2: Fit Nation Sports Complex, United States*

The Fit Nation Sports Complex in Gurnee, Illinois, has been recognized for its comprehensive approach to inclusivity and accessibility. The complex offers a wide range of fitness and recreational facilities designed to cater to people of all ages and abilities.

#### *Design Features*

Fit Nation incorporates several key universal architectural design principles:

- **Inclusive Playgrounds:** The complex features playgrounds with equipment designed for children with various disabilities, including wheelchair-accessible swings and sensory play areas.
- **Sensory-Friendly Spaces:** Quiet rooms and sensory-friendly areas are available for individuals who may become overwhelmed by noise or crowds, providing a safe and calming environment.
- **Accessible Fitness Equipment:** The fitness center includes machines that are designed for use by individuals with physical disabilities, such as hand cycles and weight machines with adjustable heights.



*Impact:*

The inclusive design at Fit Nation has yielded significant benefits:

- Increased Participation: The availability of accessible equipment and facilities has encouraged more people with disabilities to engage in regular physical activity, improving their overall health and well-being.
- Enhanced User Experience: Sensory-friendly spaces and inclusive playgrounds ensure that everyone, regardless of their sensory or physical needs, can enjoy the facilities.
- Community Engagement: The complex hosts adaptive sports programs and events, which have been instrumental in raising awareness about disability and promoting a culture of inclusivity.

(Figures 4, 5, 6)

*Case Study 3: Cheonggyecheon Stream, Seoul, South Korea*

The Cheonggyecheon Stream restoration project in Seoul serves as a prime example of how urban spaces can be transformed to enhance accessibility and inclusivity. Although primarily a public park, the architectural design principles applied here are highly relevant to sports facilities.

*Design Features:*

The restored stream and surrounding areas incorporate several inclusive features:

- Barrier-Free Pathways: The entire stretch of the stream features wide, smooth pathways that are accessible to wheelchair users and individuals with mobility impairments.
- Sensory-Friendly Elements: The park includes water features, natural vegetation, and quiet zones that provide a soothing environment for individuals with sensory processing disorders.
- Interactive Installations: Inclusive playgrounds and exercise areas with adaptive equipment ensure that children and adults of all abilities can engage in recreational activities.

*Impact:*

The inclusive design of Cheonggyecheon Stream has had a broad impact:

- Physical Activity: The barrier-free pathways and accessible exercise areas have made it easier for individuals with disabilities to engage in outdoor physical activities, promoting a healthier lifestyle.
- Social Inclusion: By creating an environment that is welcoming to all, the park has become a social hub where people from diverse backgrounds and abilities can interact and connect.
- Community Well-Being: The restorative nature of the park, combined with its inclusive design, has contributed to improved mental health and well-being for many visitors. (Figures 7, 8, 9)

## Conclusions

In conclusion, this study emphasizes the critical role of universal architectural design principles in promoting inclusivity and accessibility in sports facilities. By incorporating features such as barrier-free entrances, inclusive playgrounds, and sensory-friendly design elements, sports facilities can create environments that cater to the diverse needs and abilities of all individuals. The case studies of Stoke Mandeville Stadium, Fit Nation Sports Complex, and Cheonggyecheon Stream illustrate the transformative impact of inclusive design on physical activity, social integration, and community cohesion. Moving forward, further research and practice are needed to continue advancing the field of inclusive sports facility design and ensuring equitable access for all members of society. By prioritizing inclusivity and accessibility, we as architects can create sports environments that truly serve all members of our communities, regardless of their abilities.

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**Figure 1.** Stoke Mandeville Stadium, United Kingdom



**Figure 2.** Stoke Mandeville Stadium, United Kingdom



**Figure 3.** Stoke Mandeville Stadium, United Kingdom



**Figure 4.** Fit Nation Sports Complex, United States



**Figure 5.** Fit Nation Sports Complex, United States



**Figure 6.** Fit Nation Sports Complex, United States



**Figure 7.** Cheonggyecheon Stream, Seoul, South Korea



**Figure 8.** Cheonggyecheon Stream, Seoul, South Korea



**Figure 9.** Cheonggyecheon Stream, Seoul, South Korea